Deploying Dual-Stack Lite in IPv6-Only Network

draft-boucadair-dslite-interco-v4v6-04

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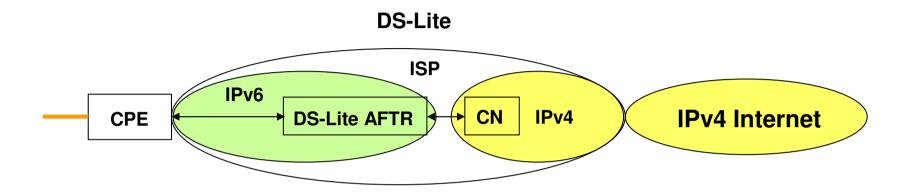
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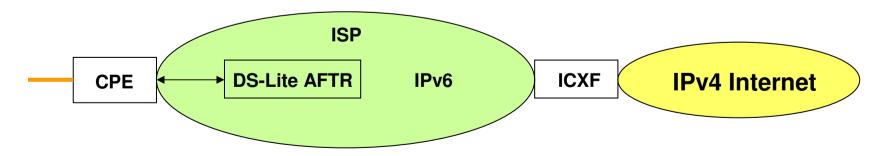
The Motivation...

- Many deployment models prefer to deploy AFTRs closer to the customers for many reasons (shorter the tunnel, etc).
- DS-lite requires the AFTR must have IPv4 connection. If the AFTR is close to the users, it puts an restriction to deploy IPv6-only core network.
- This draft proposes a solution by introducing a stateless IPv4-IPv6 interconnection function
 - □ The solution can be seen as an extension to DS-Lite
 - This solution encourages the deployment of IPv6 while offering both IPv4 and IPv6 connectivity services over an IPv6 network
- With the proposed IPv4-IPv6 interconnection in DS-Lite environment, the operation would be more robust and scalable

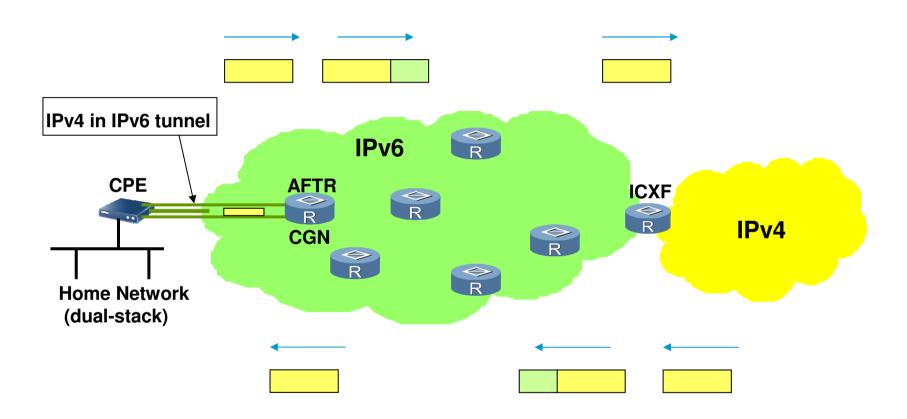
DS-Lite in IPv6 Network



DS-Lite with IPv4-IPv6 Interconnection



Transporting IPv4 Packets over IPv6 Network



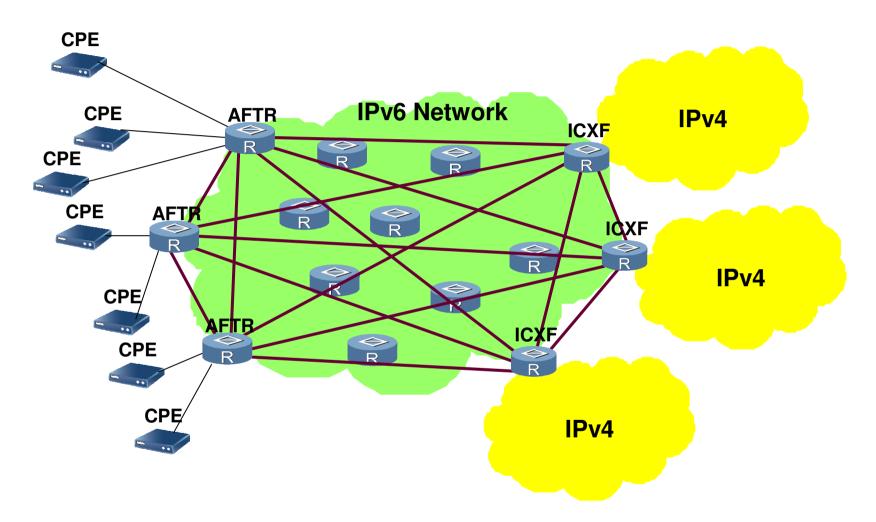
Addressing...

- Pref6
 - An IPv6 prefix assigned by LIR.
 - The same Pref6 should be configured on each AFTR and ICXF.
 - The Pref6 is used as a IPv6 prefix to form an IPv4-Embedded IPv6 address
 - Reference: http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-behave-address-format-04.txt
- Encapsulating an IPv4 packet with an IPv6 header on an AFTR
 - □ Source IPv6 address: AFTR's own IPv6 address
 - Destination IPv6 address IPv4-Embedded IPv6 address
 - Pref6 + The IPv4 address is the destination IPv4 address
- Encapsulating an IPv4 packet with an IPv6 header on an ICXF router
 - □ Source IPv6 address: ICXF's IPv6 address
 - Destination IPv6 address IPv4-Embedded IPv6 address
 - Pref6 + The IPv4 address is the destination IPv4 address

Routing Options in the IPv6 network

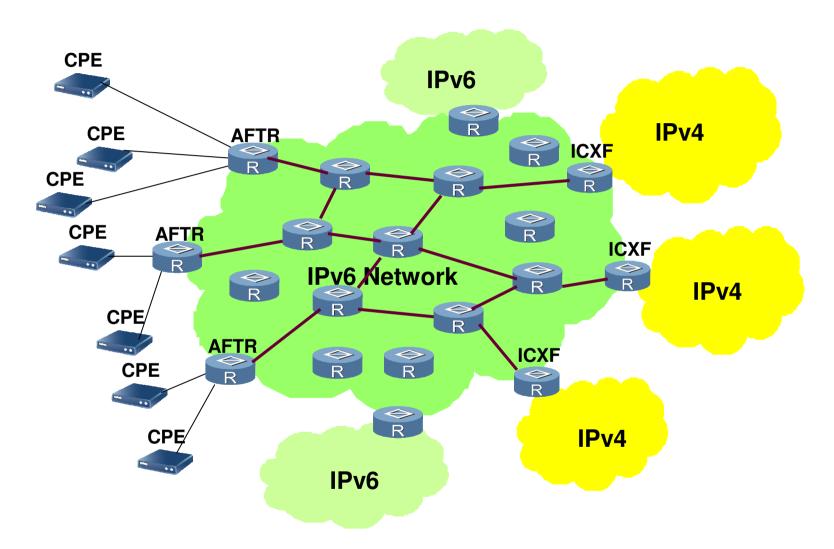
- How to route IPv4-Embedded IPv6 packets in the IPv6 network?
- There are several options including:
 - Static configuration on AFTR and ICXF, respectively
 - ICXF routers and AFTRs are configured as a softwire mesh (RFC5565) with i-BGP used to exchange IPv4 reachability information
 - ICXF routers and AFTRs advertise IPv4-Embedded IPv6 addresses and prefixes in the IPv6 network vis IGP
- Routing policy remains ISP-specific, and is likely to depend on the network topology, the location and number of AFTR and ICXF functions, as well as scalability considerations

Softwire Mesh (RFC5565)



AFTRs and ICXFs exchange IPv4 reachability using i-BGP (The full-mesh requirement can be relaxed by using Route-Reflector)

MT/MI for IPv4-Embedded IPv6



AFTR and ICXF advertise IPv4-Embedded IPv6 Reachability
(This IPv4-Embedded IPv6 prefixes will not advertised outside the ISP)

Changes from 02

- Added a new section to define addressing scheme
- Added a new section to list some routing options in IPv6 network for forwarding IPv4-Embedded IPv6 traffic
- Various editorial changes

Next Step ...

 Authors would like to propose to move this I-D as a Working Group document